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BS EN 60335-2-15: 2002

# Household and similar electrical appliances — Safety —

Part 2-15: Particular requirements for appliances for heating liquids

The European Standard EN 60335-2-15:2002 has the status of a British Standard

ICS 97.040.50; 13.120



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# National foreword

This British Standard is the official English language version of EN 60335-2-15:2002. It is identical with IEC 60335-2-15:2002. It supersedes BS EN 60335-2-15:1996 which will be withdrawn on 2005-10-01.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted by Technical Committee CPL/61, Safety of household electrical appliances, to Subcommittee CPL/61/07, Safety of electrical appliances – Heated appliance group, which has the responsibility to:

- aid enquirers to understand the text;
- present to the responsible international/European committee any enquiries on the interpretation, or proposals for change, and keep the UK interests informed;
- monitor related international and European developments and promulgate them in the UK.

A list of organizations represented on this subcommittee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

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# **EUROPEAN STANDARD**

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Supersedes EN 60335-2-15:1996 + A1:1999 + A2:2000

English version

# Household and similar electrical appliances -Safety Part 2-15: Particular requirements for appliances for heating liquids (IEC 60335-2-15:2002)

Appareils électrodomestiques et analogues - Sécurité Partie 2-15: Règles particulières pour les appareils de chauffage des liquides (CEI 60335-2-15:2002) Sicherheit elektrischer Geräte für den Hausgebrauch und ähnliche Zwecke Teil 2-15: Besondere Anforderungen für Geräte zur Flüssigkeitserhitzung (IEC 60335-2-15:2002)

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# CENELEC

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Ref. No. EN 60335-2-15:2002 E

# Foreword

The text of document 61/2134/FDIS, future fifth edition of IEC 60335-2-15, prepared by the IEC Technical Committee 61, was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and was approved by CENELEC as EN 60335-2-15 on 2002-09-24.

This European Standard replaces EN 60335-2-15:1996 + A1:1999 + A2:2000.

The following dates are applicable:

-	latest date by which the EN has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement	(dop)	2003-07-01
-	date on which national standards conflicting with the EN have to be withdrawn	(dow)	2005-10-01

This part 2 has to be used in conjunction with EN 60335-1, Household and similar electrical appliances – Safety – Part 1: General requirements. It was established on the basis of the 2002 edition of that standard. Amendments and revisions of Part 1 have also to be taken into account and the dates when such changes become applicable will be stated in the relevant amendment or revision of Part 1.

This part 2 supplements or modifies the corresponding clauses of EN 60335-1, so as to convert it into the European Standard: Safety requirements for electrical appliances for heating liquids.

When a particular subclause of Part 1 is not mentioned in this part 2, that subclause applies as far as is reasonable. When this standard states "addition", "modification" or "replacement", the relevant text of Part 1 is to be adapted accordingly.

NOTE 1 The following numbering system is used:

- subclauses, tables and figures that are numbered starting from 101 are additional to those in Part 1;
- unless notes are in a new subclause or involve notes in Part 1, they are numbered starting from 101, including those in a replaced clause or subclause;
- additional annexes are lettered AA, BB, etc.;
- subclauses, notes and annexes that are additional to those in the IEC standard are prefixed with the letter Z.
- NOTE 2 The following print types are used:
- requirements: in roman type;
- test specifications: in italic type;
- notes: in small roman type.

Words in **bold** in the text are defined in Clause 3. When a definition concerns an adjective, the adjective and the associated noun are also in bold.

There are no special national conditions causing a deviation from this European Standard, other than those listed in Annex ZA to EN 60335-1.

There are no national deviations from this European Standard, other than those listed in Annex ZB to EN 60335-1.

p NOTE In this document, p is used in the margin to indicate instructions for preparing the printed version.

# Introduction

# p Add:

An investigation by CENELEC TC 61 has shown that all risks from products within the scope of this standard are fully covered by the Low Voltage Directive, 73/23/EEC. For products having mechanical moving parts, a risk assessment in accordance with the Machinery Directive, 98/37/EC, has shown that the risks are mainly of electrical origin and consequently this directive is not applicable. However, the relevant essential safety requirements of the Machinery Directive are covered by this standard together with the principal objectives of the Low Voltage Directive.

# **Endorsement notice**

The text of the International Standard IEC 60335-2-15:2002 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

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# INTRODUCTION

It has been assumed in the drafting of this International Standard that the execution of its provisions is entrusted to appropriately qualified and experienced persons.

This standard recognizes the internationally accepted level of protection against hazards such as electrical, mechanical, thermal, fire and radiation of appliances when operated as in normal use taking into account the manufacturer's instructions. It also covers abnormal situations that can be expected in practice.

This standard takes into account the requirements of IEC 60364 as far as possible so that there is compatibility with the wiring rules when the appliance is connected to the supply mains. However, national wiring rules may differ.

If an appliance within the scope of this standard also incorporates functions that are covered by another part 2 of IEC 60335, the relevant part 2 is applied to each function separately, as far as is reasonable. If applicable, the influence of one function on the other is taken into account.

This standard is a product family standard dealing with the safety of appliances and takes precedence over horizontal and generic standards covering the same subject.

An appliance that complies with the text of this standard will not necessarily be considered to comply with the safety principles of the standard if, when examined and tested, it is found to have other features that impair the level of safety covered by these requirements.

An appliance employing materials or having forms of construction differing from those detailed in the requirements of this standard may be examined and tested according to the intent of the requirements and, if found to be substantially equivalent, may be considered to comply with the standard.

# HOUSEHOLD AND SIMILAR ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES – SAFETY –

# Part 2-15: Particular requirements for appliances for heating liquids

#### 1 Scope

This clause of Part 1 is replaced by the following.

This International Standard deals with the safety of electrical appliances for heating liquids for household and similar purposes, their **rated voltage** being not more than 250 V.

NOTE 101 Some appliances may be used for heating food.

NOTE 102 Examples of appliances that are within the scope of this standard are

- coffee-makers;
- cooking pans;
- egg boilers;
- feeding-bottle heaters;
- kettles and other appliances for boiling water, having a rated capacity not exceeding 10 l;
- milk heaters;
- pressure cookers having a rated cooking pressure not exceeding 140 kPa and a rated capacity not exceeding 10 l;
- slow cookers;
- steam cookers;
- wash boilers;
- yoghurt makers.

Appliances not intended for normal household use but which nevertheless may be a source of danger to the public, such as appliances intended to be used by laymen in shops, in light industry and on farms, are within the scope of this standard.

NOTE 103 Examples of such appliances are

- glue pots with a water jacket;
- livestock feed boilers;
- sterilizers.

As far as is practicable, this standard deals with the common hazards presented by appliances that are encountered by all persons in and around the home. However, in general, it does not take into account

- the use of appliances by young children or infirm persons without supervision;
- playing with the appliance by young children.

NOTE 104 Attention is drawn to the fact that

- for appliances intended to be used in vehicles or on board ships or aircraft, additional requirements may be necessary;
- in many countries, additional requirements are specified by the national health authorities, the national authorities responsible for the protection of labour, the national water supply authorities and similar authorities.

NOTE 105 This standard does not apply to

- frying pans and deep fat fryers (IEC 60335-2-13);
- storage water heaters (IEC 60335-2-21);
- instantaneous water heaters (IEC 60335-2-35);
- surface-cleaning appliances employing liquids or steam (IEC 60335-2-54);

- portable immersion heaters (IEC 60335-2-74);
- commercial dispensing appliances and vending machines (IEC 60335-2-75)
- appliances for medical purposes (IEC 60601);
- appliances intended exclusively for industrial purposes;
- appliances intended to be used in locations where special conditions prevail, such as the presence of a corrosive or explosive atmosphere (dust, vapour or gas);
- appliances for high-frequency heating;
- pressure sterilizers.

NOTE 106 Attention is drawn to the fact that in many countries requirements for pressure vessels are applied to pressure cookers.

## 2 Normative references

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

#### 3 Definitions

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

#### 3.1.9 Replacement:

#### normal operation

operation of the appliance under the following conditions

**3.1.9.101** Kettles and other appliances for boiling water, coffee-makers, cooking pans, glue pots, milk heaters, slow cookers, sterilizers, wash boilers and yoghurt makers are operated with their container filled with the **rated capacity** of water, any lid being closed. The quantity of water in slow cookers is maintained above 50 % of their **rated capacity**.

Appliances with a heated surface intended to keep the liquid warm are operated with or without the container, whichever is the more unfavourable.

**3.1.9.102** Egg boilers and **steam cookers** are operated with their containers filled with the maximum quantity of water specified in the instructions.

**3.1.9.103** Feeding-bottle heaters are operated with a bottle of heat-resistant glass, round or hexagonal in shape, having a mass between 190 g and 200 g and a capacity of approximately 225 ml, unless a particular bottle is specified, in which case that bottle is used. The bottle is filled to approximately its rated capacity of water or 200 ml, whichever is less, and is placed in the feeding-bottle heater. The heater is filled with water to the level specified in the instructions or, in the absence of instructions, to the maximum level.

**3.1.9.104** Livestock feed boilers are operated with the lid closed, the container being filled with half its **rated capacity** of water.

**3.1.9.105** Pressure cookers are operated in accordance with the instructions but with the container filled with water to a depth of 25 mm.

3.101 rated capacity capacity assigned to the appliance by the manufacturer

3.102 rated cooking pressure pressure assigned to the appliance by the manufacturer

#### 3.103

#### espresso coffee-maker

coffee-maker in which water is heated and forced through the ground coffee by steam pressure or by means of a pump

NOTE Espresso coffee-makers may have an outlet for supplying steam or hot water.

#### 3.104

# feeding-bottle heater

appliance for heating prepared baby food in a feeding-bottle to a predetermined temperature, heat being transferred by means of water

#### 3.105

#### pressure regulator

control that maintains the pressure at a particular value during normal use

#### 3.106

#### pressure-relief device

control that limits the pressure under abnormal operating conditions

#### 3.107

#### cordless kettle

kettle incorporating a heating element and which is connected to the supply only when placed on its associated stand

### 3.108

#### steam cooker

appliance in which food is heated by steam generated at atmospheric pressure

### 4 General requirement

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

# 5 General conditions for the tests

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

### 5.2 Addition:

NOTE 101 If the test of 15.101 has to be carried out, three additional samples are required.

#### 5.3 Addition:

The test of 19.101 is carried out after the other tests.

# 6 Classification

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

#### 6.2 Addition:

Wash boilers and livestock feed boilers shall be at least IPX3.

## 7 Marking and instructions

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

#### 7.1 Addition:

Appliances intended to be partially immersed in water for cleaning shall be marked with the maximum level of immersion and with the substance of the following:

Do not immerse beyond this level.

Kettles shall have a level mark or other means to indicate when they are filled to **rated capacity**, unless they cannot be filled beyond their **rated capacity** or withstand the test of 15.2 when filled completely. This indication shall be visible when the kettle is in the filling position. If the level mark is not self-evident, there shall be a reference to this mark on the outside of the kettle which shall be visible when the kettle is in its normal position of use.

If the closed position of the lid of a pressure cooker is not obvious, this position shall be marked on the appliance.

Stands provided with cordless kettles shall be marked with

- the name, trademark or identification mark of the manufacturer or responsible vendor;
- the model or type reference.
- 7.12 Addition:

The instructions for appliances incorporating an appliance inlet, and intended to be partially or fully immersed in water for cleaning, shall state that the connector must be removed before the appliance is cleaned and that the appliance inlet must be dried before the appliance is used again.

The instructions for appliances intended to be used with a connector incorporating a **thermostat** shall state that only the appropriate connector must be used.

Unless kettles are constructed so that a hazard cannot arise from boiling water being ejected, the instructions shall state that if the kettle is overfilled, boiling water may be ejected.

The instructions for kettles filled through a lid aperture situated below the handle shall include the substance of the following:

WARNING: Position the lid so that steam is directed away from the handle.

NOTE 101 The warning is not required if the lid can only be closed so that steam is directed away from the handle.

WARNING: Do not remove the lid while the water is boiling.

The instructions for **cordless kettles** shall state that the kettle is only to be used with the stand provided.

If the kettle and stand of **cordless kettles** can be lifted together by gripping the handle of the kettle, the instructions shall include the substance of the following:

CAUTION: Insure that the kettle is switched off before removing it from its stand.

The instructions for feeding-bottle heaters shall state

- that the food should not be heated for too long;
- how to check that the correct food temperature has not been exceeded.

The instructions for appliances normally cleaned after use, and not intended to be immersed in water for cleaning, shall state that the appliance must not be immersed.

NOTE 102 This requirement normally applies to coffee-makers, cooking pans, milk heaters, pressure cookers, steam cookers, slow cookers and yoghurt makers.

The instructions for pressure cookers shall state that the ducts in the **pressure regulator** allowing the escape of steam should be checked regularly to ensure that they are not blocked. They shall also give details of how to open the container safely and state that the container must not be opened until the pressure has decreased sufficiently.

The instructions for egg boilers provided with a pricking device shall contain the substance of the following:

CAUTION: Avoid injuries from the egg pricker.

### 8 Protection against access to live parts

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

#### 8.1.2 Addition:

NOTE 101 Connecting devices in stands of cordless kettles are not considered to be socket-outlets.

### 9 Starting of motor-operated appliances

This clause of Part 1 is not applicable.

### **10** Power input and current

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

### 11 Heating

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

11.2 Addition:

Portable appliances are tested away from the walls of the test corner.

#### **11.4** Addition:

If the temperature rise limits are exceeded in appliances incorporating motors, transformers or **electronic circuits**, and if the power input is lower than the **rated power input**, the test is repeated with the appliance supplied at 1,06 times the **rated voltage**.

#### **11.6** Addition:

Combined appliances are operated as heating appliances.

#### **11.7** Replacement:

Appliances are operated for the duration specified in 11.7.101 to 11.7.105.

**11.7.101** For kettles incorporating a **temperature limiter**, the **temperature limiter** is reset 1 min after it has operated or as soon as possible afterwards. The test is terminated after the **temperature limiter** has operated for the second time.

For kettles incorporating a **thermostat**, the test is terminated 15 min after the water has attained a temperature of 95 °C.

For other kettles the test is terminated 5 min after the water has attained a temperature of 95 °C.

**11.7.102** For appliances for boiling water other than kettles, cooking pans, egg boilers, **feeding-bottle heaters**, glue pots, livestock feed boilers, milk heaters, sterilizers and wash boilers, the test is terminated

- for appliances without a thermal control, 15 min after the water in the container has attained a temperature of 95 °C or the maximum temperature it can attain if this is lower;
- for portable appliances provided with a thermal control, 15 min after the thermal control has operated for the first time;
- for fixed appliances provided with a thermal control, 30 min after the thermal control has operated for the first time;
- 1 min after a continuous or repetitive acoustic signal having intervals of less than 5 s has sounded;
- when steady conditions are established, for egg boilers having provision for keeping eggs warm, and appliances having a heated surface intended to keep liquid warm.

**11.7.103** Slow cookers, **steam cookers** and yoghurt makers are operated until steady conditions are established. Slow cookers are prewarmed in the dry state if this instruction is given.

**11.7.104** Espresso coffee-makers are operated in accordance with the instructions, the coffee filter being filled with the maximum quantity of coffee of the type specified. The brewing period is followed by a rest period of 1 min or the period stated in the instructions, if this is longer. The water container is refilled during the rest periods.

For **espresso coffee-makers** having an outlet for supplying steam or hot water, the brewing period is immediately followed by a period during which the steam or water is supplied for the time stated in the instructions.

NOTE The steam is blown into a vessel containing cold water.

Espresso coffee-makers are operated until steady conditions are established.

Other coffee-makers are operated for the time necessary to make the maximum quantity of coffee stated in the instructions. The container is then refilled as quickly as possible and the coffee-maker operated again.

The procedure is repeated until steady conditions are established.

**11.7.105** Pressure cookers are operated for 15 min after attaining the maximum cooking pressure.

### 11.8 Addition:

When an appliance connector incorporates a **thermostat**, the temperature rise limit for the pins of the inlet does not apply.

The temperature rise limits of motors, transformers and components of **electronic circuits**, including parts directly influenced by them, may be exceeded when the appliance is operated at 1,15 times **rated power input**.

# 12 Void

# 13 Leakage current and electric strength at operating temperature

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

# 14 Transient overvoltages

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

# **15 Moisture resistance**

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

#### 15.2 Addition:

The test is only carried out with the appliance connector in position.

In case of doubt, the spillage test is carried out with the appliance deviating from the normal position of use by an angle not exceeding 5°.

Kettles that can be filled through the spout are also tested on a plane inclined at an angle of 20° to the horizontal, with the spout uppermost. The kettle is filled with water containing approximately 1 % NaCI to the maximum level, if this indication is visible from the filling position, otherwise until water spills from the kettle. A further quantity, equal to 15 % of the **rated capacity** of the kettle, is then added as quickly as possible.

For **cordless kettles**, the test with the kettle on the horizontal plane is carried out with the kettle both on and off its stand. The additional test for kettles that can be filled through the spout is carried out only with the **cordless kettle** off its stand, the kettle being replaced on its stand in order to carry out the electric strength test of 16.3.

**15.101** Appliances intended to be partially or completely immersed in water for cleaning shall have adequate protection against the effects of immersion.

Compliance is checked by the following tests, which are carried out on three additional appliances.

The appliances are operated under **normal operation** at 1,15 times **rated power input**, until the **thermostat** operates for the first time. Appliances without a **thermostat** are operated until steady conditions are established. The appliances are disconnected from the supply, any appliance connector being withdrawn. They are then completely immersed in water containing approximately 1 % NaCl and having a temperature between 10 °C and 25 °C, unless they are marked with the maximum level of immersion, in which case they are immersed 50 mm deeper than this level.

After 1 h, the appliances are removed from the saline solution, dried and subjected to the leakage current test of 16.2.

NOTE Care is taken to ensure that all moisture is removed from the insulation around the pins of appliance inlets.

This test is carried out four more times, after which the appliances shall withstand the electric strength test of 16.3, the voltage being as specified in Table 4.

The appliance having the highest leakage current after the fifth immersion is dismantled and inspection shall show that there is no trace of liquid on insulation that could result in a reduction of **clearances** and **creepage distances** below the values specified in Clause 29.

The remaining two appliances are operated under **normal operation** at 1,15 times **rated power input** for 240 h. After this period, the appliances are disconnected from the supply and immersed again for 1 h. They are then dried and subjected to the electric strength test of 16.3, the voltage being as specified in Table 4.

Inspection shall show that there is no trace of liquid on insulation that could result in a reduction of **clearances** and **creepage distances** below the values specified in Clause 29.

15.102 The connecting devices of stands for cordless kettles shall not be affected by water.

Compliance is checked by the following test.

The stand is placed on a horizontal surface and 30 ml of water containing approximately 1 % NaCl is poured onto the connecting device from a height of 200 mm. The solution is poured steadily through a tube having an inner diameter of 8 mm over a period of 2 s.

The stand shall then withstand the electric strength test of 16.3, the test voltage for reinforced insulation being 2 500 V.

# 16 Leakage current and electric strength at operating temperature

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

### 17 Overload protection of transformers and associated circuits

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

#### **18** Endurance

This clause of Part 1 is not applicable.

#### **19** Abnormal operation

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

19.1 Addition:

Kettles are not subjected to the test of 19.2.

Kettles are also subjected to the test of 19.101, unless the appliance incorporates a **non-self-resetting thermal cut-out** that is not resettable by the user, in order to comply with 19.4.

Kettles for which compliance with 19.101 relies on the operation of a **self-resetting thermal** *cut-out* are also subjected to the test of 19.102.

19.2 Addition:

Appliances are placed as near as possible to the walls of the test corner. They are tested empty with lids open or closed whichever is more unfavourable.

19.3 Addition:

Kettles are operated empty at 1,15 times rated power input.

The test is also carried out with the kettle filled with sufficient water to cover the heating element, or to a depth of 10 mm if the heating element is not positioned inside the container, the lid being open or closed, whichever is more unfavourable.

**19.4** Addition:

Pressure regulators of pressure cookers are rendered inoperative together with each **protective device** in turn.

19.7 Addition:

Espresso coffee-makers incorporating a pump are operated for a period of 5 min.

19.13 Addition:

During the test of 19.4, **pressure-relief devices** of pressure cookers shall operate before the pressure has reached 350 kPa.

**19.101** Kettles are placed on a plywood board having a thickness of approximately 20 mm. The **thermal cut-out** that operates during the test of 19.4 is short circuited and the kettle is operated empty at 0,85 times **rated power input** or 1,15 times **rated power input**, whichever is more unfavourable.

During the test, any flames shall be kept within the enclosure of the kettle and the supporting surface shall not ignite.

After the test, live parts shall not be accessible.

NOTE 1 If the kettle incorporates more than one thermal cut-out that could operate during the test of 19.4, they are short circuited in turn.

NOTE 2 Subclause 19.13 is not applicable.

**19.102** Kettles incorporating two **self-resetting thermal cut-outs** are operated with one of the **thermal cut-outs** short circuited. The kettle is operated empty at 0,85 times **rated power** *input* or 1,15 times **rated power input**, whichever is more unfavourable.

Within 2 s of the other **thermal cut-out** operating, the kettle is filled with water having a temperature of 15 °C  $\pm$  5 °C. After 1 min, the kettle is emptied.

The test is carried out 100 times.

NOTE Subclause 19.13 is applicable.

**19.103** For appliances with detachable liquid containers, the automatic transfer of liquid from one container to another shall not give rise to an electrical hazard if they are incorrectly positioned.

Compliance is checked by assembling the appliance with its receiving container incorrectly positioned or removed. The water discharge pipe is incorrectly positioned if this is more unfavourable. The appliance is operated as specified in Clause 11 but for one cycle only.

The appliance shall then withstand the electric strength test of 16.3 and inspection shall show that there is no trace of water on insulation that could result in the reduction of **clearances** and **creepage distances** below the values specified in Clause 29.

#### 20 Stability and mechanical hazards

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

#### 21 Mechanical strength

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

#### Addition:

NOTE 101 Breakage of glass parts is neglected provided that compliance with 8.1, 15.1 and 15.101 is not impaired.

#### 22 Construction

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

#### 22.6 Addition:

Drain holes shall be at least 5 mm in diameter or 20  $\text{mm}^2$  in area with a width of at least 3 mm.

Compliance is also checked by measurement.

#### 22.7 Addition:

**Espresso coffee-makers** are filled with water to their **rated capacity** and operated at **rated power input** with the coffee filter blocked and any valve for the supply of steam closed. The maximum pressure attained is measured. The appliance is then subjected to twice the measured pressure for 5 min.

NOTE 101 The overpressure may be supplied from an external source, care being taken to ensure that the espresso coffee-maker is at the normal temperature for brewing.

NOTE 102 If the valve for steam supply is linked to the switch used for starting the production of steam, this link is not to be disturbed while measuring the maximum pressure.

NOTE 103 Adequate safeguards have to be taken to avoid risks due to explosion.

The appliance shall not rupture, there shall be no leakage other than through a self-resetting **pressure-relief device** and the appliance shall be suitable for further use.

Controls that limit the pressure are rendered inoperative and the appliance is operated again as described for determining the maximum pressure.

The appliance shall not explode or emit hazardous jets of steam. If an intentionally weak part ruptures, the test is repeated on a second appliance and shall be terminated in the same mode.

All **pressure regulators** and **pressure-relief devices** of pressure cookers are rendered inoperative and the lid is closed. The pressure is gradually increased hydraulically to six times the **rated cooking pressure**. The container shall not rupture.

22.101 Kettles shall be constructed so that the lid does not fall off when water is poured out.

Compliance is checked by the following test.

The kettle is filled to its **rated capacity** and the lid closed in accordance with the instructions. The kettle is supplied at **rated voltage** and operated until the water boils. Approximately 90 % of the water is poured from the kettle in the normal way. The lid shall not fall off and water shall only be emitted from the spout.

**22.102** Kettles shall be constructed so that there are no sudden jets of steam or hot water likely to expose the user to a hazard when the appliance is used as in normal use.

NOTE Normal use takes into account the instructions concerning the position of the lid and the likely position of the user's hands when gripping the handle.

Compliance is checked by inspection during the test of Clause 11.

**22.103** The appliance coupler of **cordless kettles** shall be constructed to withstand the stresses occurring during normal use.

Compliance is checked by the following test.

The two live pins of the kettle are connected together and an external resistive load is connected in series with the supply. The external load is such that the current is 1,1 times **rated current**.

The kettle is placed on its stand and withdrawn 10 000 times at a rate of approximately 10 times per minute. The test is continued for a further 10 000 times without current flowing.

After the test, the kettle shall be suitable for further use and compliance with 8.1, 16.3, 27.5 and Clause 29 shall not be impaired.

The test is carried out without current flowing if the connection contacts cannot make or break on load.

**22.104 Portable appliances** for boiling water that have a **rated capacity** exceeding 3 I, and which are liable to overturn, shall be constructed so that the rate of discharge is limited.

Compliance is checked by the following test, appliances incorporating an appliance inlet being fitted with a cord set.

The appliance is filled with water to its **rated capacity** and the lid closed in accordance with the instructions. It is placed on a horizontal plane in any position of normal use but orientated to produce the most unfavourable result.

The plane is slowly inclined to an angle of 25°. If the appliance overturns, it is left in this position for 10 s and then returned to its normal position. The quantity of water remaining is measured. The rate of discharge of water is determined from the formula:

$$D=\frac{60\left(C_{1}-C_{2}\right)}{t}$$

where

- D is the rate of discharge of water;
- C<sub>1</sub> is the rated capacity in litres;
- C<sub>2</sub> is the remaining quantity of water in litres;
- t is the duration of the discharge in seconds, measured from the time the appliance overturns.

The rate of discharge of water shall not exceed 16 l/min.

NOTE Suitable means may be used to prevent the appliance from slipping on the inclined plane.

**22.105** Fixed appliances for boiling water shall be constructed so that the container is always open to the atmosphere through an aperture of at least 5 mm in diameter, or 20 mm<sup>2</sup> in area with a width of at least 3 mm. The aperture shall be located so that it is unlikely to be obstructed in normal use.

If the appliance has provision for discharging steam or for water overflow, the discharge aperture shall be at the base of the appliance and shall discharge vertically downwards.

Compliance is checked by inspection and by measurement.

**22.106 Espresso coffee-makers** shall be constructed so that it is not possible to remove the coffee filter by a simple operation while there is a hazardous pressure within the container.

NOTE This requirement is considered to be met if the coffee filter can only be removed after it has been rotated through an angle of at least 30°.

Compliance is checked by inspection and by manual test.

**22.107** Pressure cookers shall incorporate a non-self-resetting pressure or temperature responsive **pressure-relief device**.

Compliance is checked by inspection.

**22.108** Pressure cookers shall be constructed so that the lid cannot be removed while the pressure within the container is excessive. They shall incorporate a means to release the pressure to a value such that the lid can be removed without risk.

Compliance is checked by the following test.

The pressure cooker is operated as specified in Clause 11 until the **pressure regulator** operates for the first time.

The pressure cooker is then disconnected from the supply and the pressure allowed to decrease until the pressure is 4 kPa. A force of 100 N is applied to the most unfavourable point where the lid or its handle can be gripped. It shall not be possible to remove the lid.

The internal pressure is then gradually reduced, the force of 100 N being maintained. There shall be no hazardous displacement of the lid when it is released.

This test is not carried out on pressure cookers when the lid is secured by screw clamps or other devices that ensure that the pressure is automatically reduced in a controlled manner before the lid can be removed.

**22.109 Feeding-bottle heaters** shall emit a visible or audible signal to indicate that the heating period is terminated.

Compliance is checked by inspection during the test of Clause 11.

## 23 Internal wiring

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

### 24 Components

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

#### 24.1.3 Addition:

Switches incorporated in **espresso coffee-makers** for initiating brewing or steaming are subjected to 10 000 cycles of operation.

#### 24.1.4 Addition:

**Self-resetting thermal cut-outs** required for compliance with the test of 19.101 are subjected to 3 000 cycles of operation.

#### 24.1.5 Addition:

For appliance couplers incorporating **thermostats**, **thermal cut-outs** or fuses in the connectors, IEC 60320-1 is applicable except that

- the earthing contact of the connector is allowed to be accessible, provided that this contact is not likely to be gripped during insertion or withdrawal of the connector;
- the temperature required for the test of Clause 18 is that measured on the pins of the appliance inlet during the test of Clause 11 of this standard;
- the breaking-capacity test of Clause 19 is carried out using the inlet of the appliance;
- the temperature rise of current-carrying parts specified in Clause 21 is not determined.

NOTE 101 Thermal controls are not allowed in connectors complying with the standard sheets of IEC 60320-1.

#### 24.4 Addition:

NOTE 101 This requirement is not applicable to the connection between the kettle and the stand of cordless kettles.

**24.101** Devices incorporated in appliances, other than kettles, for compliance with 19.4, shall be non-self resetting. However, **self-resetting thermal cut-outs** are allowed for **fixed water boilers** if they have been subjected to 10 000 cycles of operation.

Compliance is checked by inspection and during the test of 19.4.

### 25 Supply connection and external flexible cords

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

#### 25.1 Addition:

Appliances incorporating an appliance inlet, other than those standardized in IEC 60320-1, shall be supplied with a cord set.

25.5 Addition:

**Type Z attachment** is allowed for egg boilers, **feeding-bottle heaters**, steam sterilizers, yoghurt makers and stands of **cordless kettles**.

25.7 Addition:

The supply cord of livestock feed boilers shall be polychloroprene sheathed.

25.8 Addition:

**Portable appliances** having a **rated current** up to 10 A may incorporate a **supply cord** having a nominal cross-sectional area of 0,75 mm<sup>2</sup>, if the length is less than 2 m.

**25.101** Supply cords of kettles shall not be longer than 75 cm, unless they are helically coiled.

Compliance is checked by measurement.

If a **cordless kettle** has a cord storage facility, the length of the cord is measured after storing as much of the cord as possible.

NOTE The length of the cord is measured between the plug and the point where the cord or cord guard enters the appliance.

#### 26 Terminals for external conductors

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

#### 27 Provision for earthing

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

#### 28 Screws and connections

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

#### 29 Clearances, creepage distances and solid insulation

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

29.2 Addition:

The microenvironment is pollution degree 3 if the insulation can be polluted by condensation from steam produced during normal use of the appliance.

# 30 Resistance to heat and fire

This clause of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

**30.1** Addition:

For coffee-makers, egg boilers, kettles and **steam cookers**, the temperature rises occurring during the tests of 19.4, 19.5 and 19.101 are not taken into account.

30.2 Addition:

For water distillers and appliances intended to maintain liquid or food at a particular temperature, 30.2.3 is applicable. For other appliances, 30.2.2 is applicable.

# **31** Resistance to rusting

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

# 32 Radiation, toxicity and similar hazards

This clause of Part 1 is applicable.

# Annexes

The annexes of Part 1 are applicable except as follows.

# Annex C

(normative)

# Ageing test on motors

Modification:

The value of p in Table C.1 is 2 000.

# Bibliography

The bibliography of Part 1 is applicable except as follows.

Addition:

IEC 60335-2-13, Household and similar electrical appliances – Safety – Part 2-13: Particular requirements for deep fat fryers, frying pans and similar appliances

IEC 60335-2-21, Household and similar electrical appliances – Safety – Part 2-21: Particular requirements for storage water heaters

IEC 60335-2-35, Household and similar electrical appliances – Safety – Part 2-35: Particular requirements for instantaneous water heaters

IEC 60335-2-54, Household and similar electrical appliances – Safety – Part 2-54: Particular requirements for surface-cleaning appliances employing liquids

IEC 60335-2-74, Household and similar electrical appliances – Safety – Part 2-74: Particular requirements for portable immersion heaters

IEC 60335-2-75, Household and similar electrical appliances – Safety – Part 2-75: Particular requirements for commercial dispensing appliances and vending machines

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